



13th WORKSHOP  
'3in1' GRAPHS 2004  
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### PROBLEM PRESENTED AT THE WORKSHOP IN KRYNICA 2004

**This is a problem by Michael Kubesa, Technical University Ostrava, presented by Dalibor Froncek.**

Let  $K_{2n}$  be a complete graph and  $T$  a tree, both with  $2n$  vertices. A  $T$ -factorization of  $K_{2n}$  is a collection of edge disjoint spanning subgraphs (i.e., factors)  $T_1, T_2, \dots, T_n$  of  $K_{2n}$ , all isomorphic to  $T$ . Every edge of  $K_{2n}$  then appears in exactly one copy of  $T$ .

M. Kubesa asked the following question: Suppose that there exists a  $T$ -factorization of  $K_{2n}$ . Is it then true that the vertex set of  $T$  can be decomposed into two subsets,  $X$  and  $Y$ , such that

- (1)  $|X| = |Y| = n$ ,
- (2)  $\sum_{x \in X} \deg(x) = \sum_{y \in Y} \deg(y)$  ?

Notice that the sets  $X, Y$  in general are *not* the partite sets of the bipartition of  $T$ .