

HARDNESS RESULTS FOR TOTAL RAINBOW CONNECTION OF GRAPHS

LILY CHEN

*School of Mathematics Science
Huaqiao University
Quanzhou 362021, China
e-mail:* lily60612@126.com

BOFENG HUO

*Department of Mathematics
Qinghai Normal University
Xining, 810008, China
e-mail:* hbf@qhnu.edu.cn

AND

YINGBIN MA

*College of Mathematics and Information Science
Henan Normal University
Xinxiang 453007, China
e-mail:* mayingbincw@htu.cn

Abstract

A total-colored path is *total rainbow* if both its edges and internal vertices have distinct colors. The *total rainbow connection number* of a connected graph G , denoted by $trc(G)$, is the smallest number of colors that are needed in a total-coloring of G in order to make G *total rainbow connected*, that is, any two vertices of G are connected by a total rainbow path. In this paper, we study the computational complexity of total rainbow connection of graphs. We show that deciding whether a given total-coloring of a graph G makes it total rainbow connected is NP-Complete. We also prove that given a graph G , deciding whether $trc(G) = 3$ is NP-Complete.

Keywords: total rainbow connection, computational complexity.

2010 Mathematics Subject Classification: 05C15, 05C40, 68Q25, 68R10.

REFERENCES

- [1] J.A. Bondy and U.S.R. Murty, Graph Theory (GTM 244, Springer, 2008).
- [2] Y. Caro, A. Lev, Y. Roditty, Zs. Tuza and R. Yuster, *On rainbow connection*, Electron J. Combin. **15** (2008) R57.
- [3] S. Chakraborty, E. Fischer, A. Matsliah and R. Yuster, *Hardness and algorithms for rainbow connectivity*, J. Comb. Optim. **21** (2011) 330–347.
doi:10.1007/s10878-009-9250-9
- [4] G. Chartrand, G.L. Johns, K.A. McKeon and P. Zhang, *Rainbow connection in graphs*, Math. Bohem. **133** (2008) 85–98.
- [5] L. Chen, X. Li and Y. Shi, *The complexity of determining the rainbow vertex-connection of graphs*, Theoret. Comput. Sci. **412** (2011) 4531–4535.
doi:10.1016/j.tcs.2011.04.032
- [6] M. Garey, D.S. Johnson and L.J. Stockmeyer, *Some simplified NP-complete graph problems*, Theoret. Comput. Sci. **1** (1976) 237–267.
doi:10.1016/0304-3975(76)90059-1
- [7] X. Huang, X. Li and Y. Shi, *Note on the hardness of rainbow connections for planar and line graphs*, Bull. Malays. Math. Sci. Soc. **88** (2015) 1235–1241.
doi:10.1007/s40840-014-0077-x
- [8] X. Huang, X. Li, Y. Shi, J. Yue and Y. Zhao, *Rainbow connections for outerplanar graphs with diameter 2 and 3*, Appl. Math. Comput. **242** (2014) 277–280.
doi:10.1016/j.amc.2014.05.066
- [9] M. Krivelevich and R. Yuster, *The rainbow connection of a graph is (at most) reciprocal to its minimum degree*, J. Graph Theory **63** (2010) 185–191.
- [10] S. Li, X. Li and Y. Shi, *Note on the complexity of deciding the rainbow (vertex-)connectedness for bipartite graphs*, Appl. Math. Comput. **258** (2015) 155–161.
doi:10.1016/j.amc.2015.02.015
- [11] X. Li, Y. Mao and Y. Shi, *The strong rainbow vertex-connection of graphs*, Util. Math. **93** (2014) 213–223.
- [12] X. Li and Y. Shi, *On the rainbow vertex-connection*, Discuss. Math. Graph Theory **33** (2013) 307–313.
doi:10.7151/dmgt.1664
- [13] X. Li and Y. Shi, *Rainbow connection in 3-connected graphs*, Graphs Combin. **29** (2013) 1471–1475.
doi:10.1007/s00373-012-1204-9
- [14] X. Li, Y. Shi and Y. Sun, *Rainbow connections of graphs: A survey*, Graphs Combin. **29** (2013) 1–38.
doi:10.1007/s00373-012-1243-2
- [15] X. Li and Y. Sun, Rainbow Connections of Graphs (New York, Springer Briefs in Math., Springer, 2012).

- [16] H. Liu, A. Mestre and T. Sousa, *Total rainbow k -connection in graphs*, Discrete Appl. Math. **174** (2014) 92–101.
doi:10.1016/j.dam.2014.04.012
- [17] I. Schiermeyer, *Rainbow connection in graphs with minimum degree three*, IWOCA 2009, Lecture Notes in Comput. Sci. **5874** (2009) 432–437.
- [18] K. Uchizawa, T. Aoki, T. Ito, A. Suzuki and X. Zhou, *On the rainbow connectivity of graphs: Complexity and FPT algorithms*, Algorithmica **67** (2013) 161–179.
doi:10.1007/s00453-012-9689-4

Received 10 March 2015

Revised 7 July 2015

Accepted 7 July 2015